



UiO : Universitetet i Oslo

Personvern og datadeling i medisinsk og helsefaglig forskning

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PNAS Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America

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NEW RESEARCH IN

Physical Sciences

Social Sci

Experimental evidence of massive-scale emotional contagion through social networks

Adam D. I. Kramer, Jamie E. Guillory, and Jeffrey T. Hancock

PNAS June 17, 2014 111 (24) 8788-8790; published ahead of print June 2, 2014

<https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1320040111>

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NEW RESEARCH IN

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Editorial Expression of Concern: Experimental evidence of massivescale emotional contagion through social networks

PNAS July 22, 2014 111 (29) 10779; published ahead of print July 3, 2014 <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1412469111>

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23ANDME'S PHARMA DEALS HAVE BEEN THE PLAN ALL ALONG

GDPR:

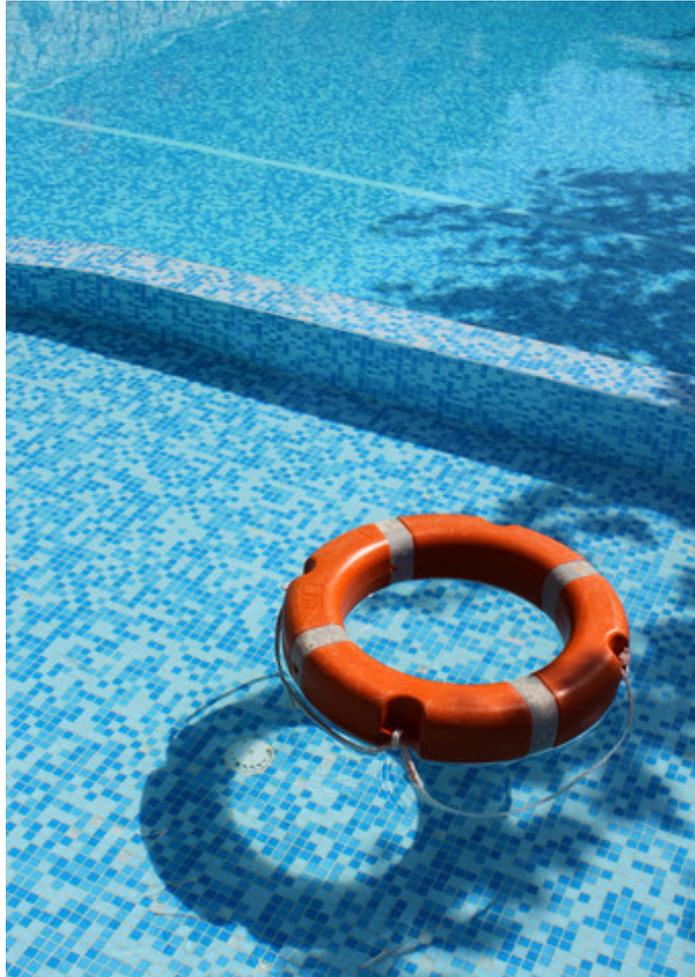
Økt harmonisering kan gi økt samarbeid

REGULATION (EU) 2016/679 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 27 April 2016

on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation)

Formål



Vitenskapelig forskning har en privilegert posisjon



Article 5

Principles relating to processing of personal data

1. Personal data shall be:
 - (a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject ('lawfulness, fairness and transparency');
 - (b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 89(1), not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes ('purpose limitation');
 - (c) adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed ('data minimisation');
 - (d) accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay ('accuracy');
 - (e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in accordance with Article 89(1) subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by this Regulation in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the data subject ('storage limitation');
 - (f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality').
2. The controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate compliance with, paragraph 1 ('accountability').

1. Lovlighet, rettferdighet og åpenhet

Personal data shall be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject (GDPR Art. 5(1)(a))



Lovlighet



Rettferdighet



Åpenhet

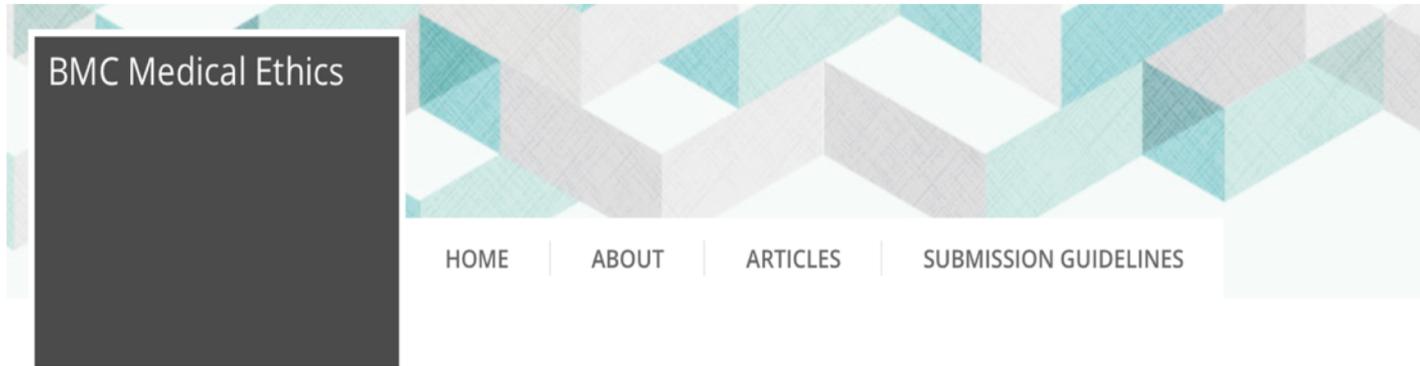


2. Formålsbegrensning

Personal data shall be collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall, in accordance with Article 89(1), not be considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes (GDPR Art. 5(1)(b))



Mange aktører er interessert i helseopplysninger



REVIEW | [OPEN ACCESS](#) | OPEN PEER REVIEW

If you build it, they will come: unintended future uses of organised health data collections

[Kieran C. O'Doherty](#) , [Emily Christofides](#), [Jeffery Yen](#), [Heidi Beate Bentzen](#), [Wylie Burke](#), [Nina Hallowell](#), [Barbara A. Koenig](#) and [Donald J. Willison](#)

BMC Medical Ethics BMC series – open, inclusive and trusted 2016 17:54 | DOI: 10.1186/s12910-016-0137-x | © The Author(s). 2016

Received: 18 December 2015 | Accepted: 25 August 2016 | Published: 6 September 2016

Anna Lindh



Konsekvensene for biobanken



NYFØDTPRØVER

Evig lagring – en trussel mot personvernet

DAGENS
Medisin

Ny

Regjeringen vil lagre blodprøver fra nyfødte til evig tid. Dessverre vil et slikt register også være det ideelle genetiske diskrimineringsverktøy. Kan vi være sikre på at misbruk aldri vil skje?

Publisert: 2018-01-25 05.02 Skrevet av: Gunnar Houge/Trine Elisabeth Prescott

– Tilliten til nyfødtscreeningen står på spill

Fagmiljøet er overrasket over at regjeringen vil lagre nyfødtblodprøver til evig tid.

3. Dataminimering

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed (GDPR Art. 5(1)(c))



Open Science



*Mascalzoni & Bentzen et al.
Double standards for
research?
Unintended consequences of
Open Science [submitted]*

1984



Frihet



4. Riktighet

Personal data shall be accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay (GDPR Art. 5(1)(d))



5. Lagringsbegrensning

Personal data shall be kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes in accordance with Article 89(1) subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by this Regulation in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of the data subject (GDPR Art. 5(1)(e))



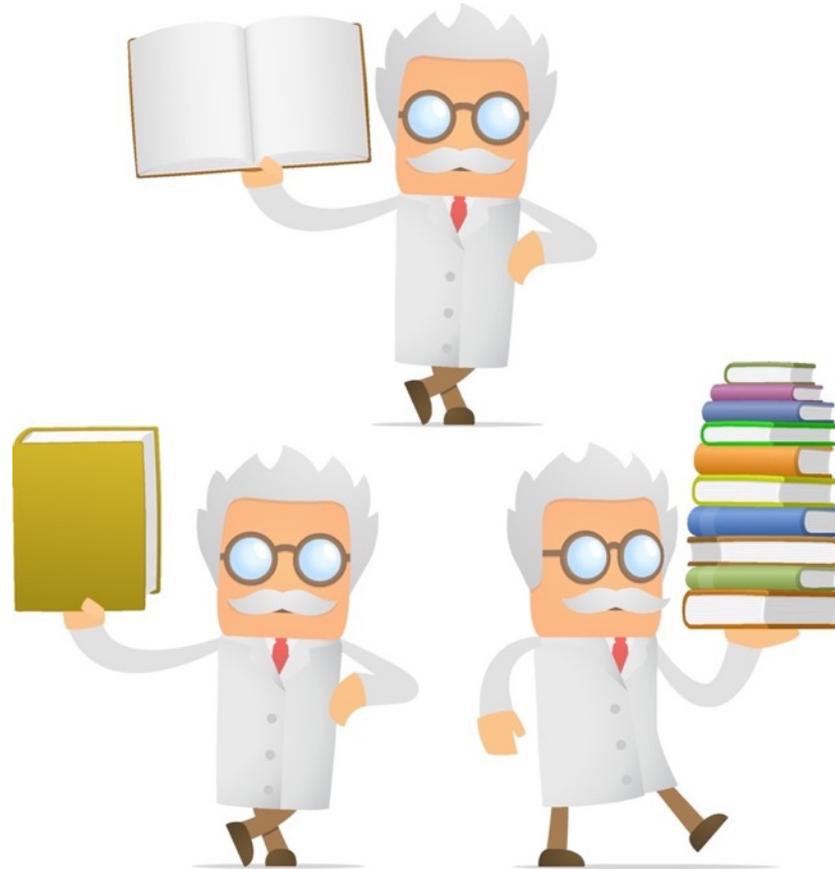
6. Integritet og konfidensialitet

Personal data shall be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures (GDPR Art. 5(1)(f))



7. Ansvar

The controller shall be responsible for, and be able to demonstrate compliance with, paragraph 1 (GDPR Art. 5(2))



Vitenskapelig forskning



Ikke strekk det for langt



Takk for oppmerksomheten

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